1	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES - FLOOR VERSION
2	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
3	1st Session of the 60th Legislature (2025)
4	HOUSE BILL 1200 By: Maynard, Kendrix, Lepak, and Burns of the House
5	and
6	<b>Rader</b> of the Senate
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9	AS INTRODUCED
10	[ revenue and taxation - Oklahoma taxable income -
11	adjusted gross income - apportionment factors -
12	effective date ]
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15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
16	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2021, Section 2358, as
17	last amended by Section 155, Chapter 452, O.S.L. 2024 (68 O.S. Supp.
18	2024, Section 2358), is amended to read as follows:
19	Section 2358. For all tax years beginning after December 31,
20	1981, taxable income and adjusted gross income shall be adjusted to
21	arrive at Oklahoma taxable income and Oklahoma adjusted gross income
22	as required by this section.
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A. The taxable income of any taxpayer shall be adjusted to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for corporations and Oklahoma adjusted gross income for individuals, as follows:

There shall be added interest income on obligations of any
 state or political subdivision thereto which is not otherwise
 exempted pursuant to other laws of this state, to the extent that
 such interest is not included in taxable income and adjusted gross
 income.

9 2. There shall be deducted amounts included in such income that 10 the state is prohibited from taxing because of the provisions of the 11 Federal Constitution, the State Constitution, federal laws or laws 12 of Oklahoma.

13 3. The amount of any federal net operating loss deduction shall14 be adjusted as follows:

15 For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years a. 16 beginning before January 1, 1981, the amount of any 17 net operating loss deduction allowed to a taxpayer for 18 federal income tax purposes shall be reduced to an 19 amount which is the same portion thereof as the loss 20 from sources within this state, as determined pursuant 21 to this section and Section 2362 of this title, for 22 the taxable year in which such loss is sustained is of 23 the total loss for such year;

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1 b. For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years 2 beginning after December 31, 1980, the amount of any net operating loss deduction allowed for the taxable 3 4 year shall be an amount equal to the aggregate of the 5 Oklahoma net operating loss carryovers and carrybacks to such year. Oklahoma net operating losses shall be 6 7 separately determined by reference to Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, as 8 9 modified by the Oklahoma Income Tax Act, Section 2351 10 et seq. of this title, and shall be allowed without 11 regard to the existence of a federal net operating 12 loss. For tax years beginning after December 31, 13 2000, and ending before January 1, 2008, the years to 14 which such losses may be carried shall be determined 15 solely by reference to Section 172 of the Internal 16 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, with the 17 exception that the terms "net operating loss" and 18 "taxable income" shall be replaced with "Oklahoma net 19 operating loss" and "Oklahoma taxable income". For 20 tax years beginning after December 31, 2007, and 21 ending before January 1, 2009, years to which such 22 losses may be carried back shall be limited to two (2) 23 years. For tax years beginning after December 31, 24 2008, the years to which such losses may be carried

back shall be determined solely by reference to Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, with the exception that the terms "net operating loss" and "taxable income" shall be replaced with "Oklahoma net operating loss" and "Oklahoma taxable income".

7 4. Items of the following nature shall be allocated as
8 indicated. Allowable deductions attributable to items separately
9 allocable in subparagraphs a, b and c of this paragraph, whether or
10 not such items of income were actually received, shall be allocated
11 on the same basis as those items:

- a. Income from real and tangible personal property, such
   as rents, oil and mining production or royalties, and
   gains or losses from sales of such property, shall be
   allocated in accordance with the situs of such
   property;
- b. Income from intangible personal property, such as
  interest, dividends, patent or copyright royalties,
  and gains or losses from sales of such property, shall
  be allocated in accordance with the domiciliary situs
  of the taxpayer, except that:
- (1) where such property has acquired a nonunitary
   business or commercial situs apart from the
   domicile of the taxpayer such income shall be

allocated in accordance with such business or commercial situs; interest income from investments held to generate working capital for a unitary business enterprise shall be included in apportionable income; a resident trust or resident estate shall be treated as having a separate commercial or business situs insofar as undistributed income is concerned, but shall not be treated as having a separate commercial or business situs insofar as distributed income is concerned,

(2) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2003, capital or ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an ownership interest in a publicly traded partnership, as defined by Section 7704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, shall be allocated to this state in the ratio of the original cost of such partnership's tangible property in this state to the original cost of such partnership's tangible property everywhere, as determined at the time of the sale; if more than fifty percent (50%) of the value of the partnership's assets consists of intangible assets, capital or ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an

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1 ownership interest in the partnership shall be 2 allocated to this state in accordance with the sales factor of the partnership for its first 3 4 full tax period immediately preceding its tax 5 period during which the ownership interest in the 6 partnership was sold; the provisions of this 7 division shall only apply if the capital or ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an 8 9 ownership interest in a partnership do not 10 constitute qualifying gain receiving capital 11 treatment as defined in subparagraph a of 12 paragraph 2 of subsection F of this section, 13 (3) income from such property which is required to be 14 allocated pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 15 5 of this subsection shall be allocated as herein 16 provided; 17 с. Net income or loss from a business activity which is 18 not a part of business carried on within or without 19 the state of a unitary character shall be separately 20 allocated to the state in which such activity is 21 conducted; 22 In the case of a manufacturing or processing d. 23 enterprise the business of which in Oklahoma consists

solely of marketing its products by:

- 1 (1) sales having a situs without this state, shipped 2 directly to a point from without the state to a 3 purchaser within the state, commonly known as 4 interstate sales,
  - (2) sales of the product stored in public warehouses within the state pursuant to "in transit" tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser within the state,
- 10 (3) sales of the product stored in public warehouses
  11 within the state where the shipment to such
  12 warehouses is not covered by "in transit"
  13 tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the
  14 Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser
  15 within or without the state,

16 the Oklahoma net income shall, at the option of the 17 taxpayer, be that portion of the total net income of 18 the taxpayer for federal income tax purposes derived 19 from the manufacture and/or processing and sales 20 everywhere as determined by the ratio of the sales 21 defined in this section made to the purchaser within 22 the state to the total sales everywhere. The term 23 "public warehouse" as used in this subparagraph means

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1 a licensed public warehouse, the principal business of 2 which is warehousing merchandise for the public; In the case of insurance companies, Oklahoma taxable 3 e. 4 income shall be taxable income of the taxpayer for 5 federal tax purposes, as adjusted for the adjustments provided pursuant to the provisions of paragraphs 1 6 7 and 2 of this subsection, apportioned as follows: except as otherwise provided by division (2) of 8 (1)9 this subparagraph, taxable income of an insurance 10 company for a taxable year shall be apportioned 11 to this state by multiplying such income by a 12 fraction, the numerator of which is the direct 13 premiums written for insurance on property or 14 risks in this state, and the denominator of which 15 is the direct premiums written for insurance on 16 property or risks everywhere. For purposes of 17 this subsection, the term "direct premiums 18 written" means the total amount of direct 19 premiums written, assessments and annuity 20 considerations as reported for the taxable year 21 on the annual statement filed by the company with 22 the Insurance Commissioner in the form approved 23 by the National Association of Insurance

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Commissioners, or such other form as may be prescribed in lieu thereof,

if the principal source of premiums written by an (2) insurance company consists of premiums for reinsurance accepted by it, the taxable income of such company shall be apportioned to this state by multiplying such income by a fraction, the numerator of which is the sum of (a) direct premiums written for insurance on property or risks in this state, plus (b) premiums written for reinsurance accepted in respect of property or risks in this state, and the denominator of which is the sum of (c) direct premiums written for insurance on property or risks everywhere, plus (d) premiums written for reinsurance accepted in respect of property or risks everywhere. For purposes of this paragraph, premiums written for reinsurance accepted in respect of property or risks in this state, whether or not otherwise determinable, may at the election of the company be determined on the basis of the proportion which premiums written for insurance accepted from companies commercially domiciled in Oklahoma bears to

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1 premiums written for reinsurance accepted from 2 all sources, or alternatively in the proportion which the sum of the direct premiums written for 3 4 insurance on property or risks in this state by 5 each ceding company from which reinsurance is accepted bears to the sum of the total direct 6 7 premiums written by each such ceding company for the taxable year. 8 9 5. The a. Except as otherwise provided by subparagraph b or c 10 of this paragraph, for taxable years beginning not 11 later than December 31, 2025, the net income or loss 12 remaining after the separate allocation in paragraph 4 13 of this subsection, being that which is derived from a 14 unitary business enterprise, shall be apportioned to 15 this state on the basis of the arithmetical average of 16 three factors consisting of property, payroll and 17 sales or gross revenue enumerated as subparagraphs a, 18 b and c of this paragraph divisions (1), (2), and (3) 19 of subparagraph d of this paragraph. Net income or 20 loss as used in this paragraph includes that derived 21 from patent or copyright royalties, purchase 22 discounts, and interest on accounts receivable 23 relating to or arising from a business activity, the 24 income from which is apportioned pursuant to this

1 subsection, including the sale or other disposition of 2 such property and any other property used in the unitary enterprise. Deductions used in computing such 3 net income or loss shall not include taxes based on or 4 5 measured by income. Provided, for For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 6 b. 7 2026, qualifying corporations may elect to use a single sales factor apportionment comprising sales as 8 9 one hundred percent (100%) of the apportionment or the 10 corporation may elect to compute Oklahoma taxable 11 income using the apportionment methodology in which 12 each of the three factors in subparagraph d of this 13 paragraph is equally weighted and an arithmetical 14 average of the three factors is determined as 15 otherwise provided by this paragraph. A qualifying 16 corporation is one whose property for purposes of the 17 tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title has an 18 initial cumulative investment cost equaling or 19 exceeding Two Hundred Million Dollars 20 (\$200,000,000.00) One Hundred Million Dollars 21 (\$100,000,000.00) over three (3) years and such 22 investment is made on or after July 1, 1997 January 1, 23 2018, or for corporations a corporation which expand 24 expands their property or facilities or which makes

1	improvements or upgrades or any combination of such
2	expenditures which shall be valued at the original
3	costs, prior to federal adjustments, at the time of
4	acquisition by the corporation and adjusted by
5	subsequent capital additions or improvements thereto
6	and partial disposition thereof, by reason of sale,
7	exchange, or abandonment, in this state and such
8	expansion has, improvements, upgrades, or expenditures
9	<u>have</u> an investment cost equaling or exceeding $\frac{1}{1}$
10	Hundred Million Dollars (\$200,000,000.00) One Hundred
11	Million Dollars (\$100,000,000.00) over a period not to
12	exceed three (3) years, and such expansion,
13	improvements, upgrades, or any combination of such
14	expenditures is commenced on or after January 1, 2000,
15	the three factors shall be apportioned with property
16	and payroll, each comprising twenty-five percent (25%)
17	of the apportionment factor and sales comprising fifty
18	percent (50%) of the apportionment factor January 1,
19	2018. The As used in this subparagraph, investments,
20	improvements, or expenditures shall include but not be
21	limited to:
22	(1) expenditures for intangible drilling costs, as
23	defined in Internal Revenue Code Section 263(c),
24	without regard to whether such intangible

1		drilling costs are capitalized or expensed for
2		federal income tax purposes,
3		(2) track structure expenditures, as defined in
4		Internal Revenue Procedure 2001-46, without
5		regard to whether such track costs are
6		capitalized or expensed for federal income tax
7		purposes, and
8		(3) property received in a transaction that qualifies
9		as an Internal Revenue Code Section 332
10		liquidation; the investment period for such
11		property shall be the original investment period
12		of the liquidating corporation.
13	<u>c.</u>	For any other corporation, for taxable years beginning
14		on or after January 1, 2026, Oklahoma taxable income
15		shall be computed using a single sales factor
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		comprising one hundred percent (100%) of the
17		comprising one hundred percent (100%) of the apportionment and the corporation shall not use an
17 18		
		apportionment and the corporation shall not use an
18		apportionment and the corporation shall not use an arithmetic average of the three factors consisting of
18 19		apportionment and the corporation shall not use an arithmetic average of the three factors consisting of property, payroll, and sales. For the applicable tax
18 19 20		apportionment and the corporation shall not use an arithmetic average of the three factors consisting of property, payroll, and sales. For the applicable tax years, the apportionment factors shall be computed as
18 19 20 21		apportionment and the corporation shall not use an arithmetic average of the three factors consisting of property, payroll, and sales. For the applicable tax years, the apportionment factors shall be computed as follows and for corporations required to use the

1 d. For corporations required or electing to use a single 2 sales factor apportionment, the provisions of division 3 (3) of this subparagraph shall be used to determine Oklahoma taxable income as provided therein. For the 4 5 applicable tax years, or for qualifying corporations 6 electing the three-factor apportionment, the 7 apportionment factors shall be computed as follows: 8 <del>a.</del> 9 (1) The property factor is a fraction, the numerator 10 of which is the average value of the taxpayer's 11 real and tangible personal property owned or 12 rented and used in this state during the tax 13 period and the denominator of which is the 14 average value of all the taxpayer's real and 15 tangible personal property everywhere owned or 16 rented and used during the tax period. 17 (1)18 Property, the income from which is (a) 19 separately allocated in paragraph 4 of this 20 subsection, shall not be included in 21 determining this fraction. The numerator of 22 the fraction shall include a portion of the 23 investment in transportation and other 24 equipment having no fixed situs, such as

rolling stock, buses, trucks and trailers, including machinery and equipment carried thereon, airplanes, salespersons' automobiles and other similar equipment, in the proportion that miles traveled in Oklahoma by such equipment bears to total miles traveled,

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- 9 (b) Property owned by the taxpayer is valued at 10 its original cost. Property rented by the 11 taxpayer is valued at eight times the net 12 annual rental rate. Net annual rental rate 13 is the annual rental rate paid by the 14 taxpayer, less any annual rental rate 15 received by the taxpayer from subrentals,
  - <del>(3)</del>
- 17 (C) The average value of property shall be 18 determined by averaging the values at the 19 beginning and ending of the tax period but 20 the Oklahoma Tax Commission may require the 21 averaging of monthly values during the tax 22 period if reasonably required to reflect 23 properly the average value of the taxpayer's 24 property;

1	b	•		
2		_	(2)	The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator
3				of which is the total compensation for services
4				rendered in the state during the tax period, and
5				the denominator of which is the total
6				compensation for services rendered everywhere
7				during the tax period. "Compensation", as used
8				in this subsection division means those paid-for
9				services to the extent related to the unitary
10				business but does not include officers' salaries,
11				wages and other compensation.
12		-	<del>(1)</del>	
13				(a) In the case of a transportation enterprise,
14				the numerator of the fraction shall include
15				a portion of such expenditure in connection
16				with employees operating equipment over a
17				fixed route, such as railroad employees,
18				airline pilots, or bus drivers, in this
19				state only a part of the time, in the
20				proportion that mileage traveled in Oklahoma
21				bears to total mileage traveled by such

employees,

(2)

- 1 In any case the numerator of the fraction (b) 2 shall include a portion of such expenditures 3 in connection with itinerant employees, such 4 as traveling salespersons, in this state 5 only a part of the time, in the proportion 6 that time spent in Oklahoma bears to total 7 time spent in furtherance of the enterprise by such employees; 8
  - (3) The sales factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the total sales or gross revenue of the taxpayer in this state during the tax period, and the denominator of which is the total sales or gross revenue of the taxpayer everywhere during the tax period. "Sales", as used in this subsection <u>division</u> does not include sales or gross revenue which are separately allocated in paragraph 4 of this subsection.

(a) Sales of tangible personal property have a situs in this state if the property is delivered or shipped to a purchaser other than the United States government, within this state regardless of the FOB point or

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<del>c.</del>

1		other conditions of the sale; <del>or the</del>
2		property is shipped from an office, store,
3		warehouse, factory or other place of storage
4		in this state and (a) the purchaser is the
5		United States government or (b) the taxpayer
6		is not doing business in the state of the
7		destination of the shipment.
8	<del>(2)</del>	
9	<u>(b)</u>	In the case of a railroad or interurban
10		railway enterprise, the numerator of the
11		fraction shall not be less than the
12		allocation of revenues to this state as
13		shown in its annual report to the
14		Corporation Commission.
15	<del>(3)</del>	
16	<u>(c)</u>	In the case of an airline, truck or bus
17		enterprise or freight car, tank car,
18		refrigerator car or other railroad equipment
19		enterprise, the numerator of the fraction
20		shall include a portion of revenue from
21		interstate transportation in the proportion
22		that interstate mileage traveled in Oklahoma
23		bears to total interstate mileage traveled.
24	<del>(4)</del>	

1	<u>(d)</u>	In the case of an oil, gasoline or gas
2		pipeline enterprise, the numerator of the
3		fraction shall be either the total of
4		traffic units of the enterprise within
5		Oklahoma or the revenue allocated to
6		Oklahoma based upon miles moved, at the
7		option of the taxpayer, and the denominator
8		of which shall be the total of traffic units
9		of the enterprise or the revenue of the
10		enterprise everywhere as appropriate to the
11		numerator. A "traffic unit" is hereby
12		defined as the transportation for a distance
13		of one (1) mile of one (1) barrel of oil,
14		one (1) gallon of gasoline or one thousand
15		(1,000) cubic feet of natural or casinghead
16		gas, as the case may be.
17	<del>(5)</del>	
18	<u>(e)</u>	In the case of a telephone or telegraph or
19		other communication enterprise, the
20		numerator of the fraction shall include that
21		portion of the interstate revenue as is
22		allocated pursuant to the accounting

procedures prescribed by the Federal

1 respect to each corporation or business 2 entity required by the Federal Communications Commission to keep its books 3 and records in accordance with a uniform 4 5 system of accounts prescribed by such Commission, the intrastate net income shall 6 7 be determined separately in the manner provided by such uniform system of accounts 8 9 and only the interstate income shall be 10 subject to allocation pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph 4 of this 11 12 subsection. Provided further, that the 13 gross revenue factors shall be those as are 14 determined pursuant to the accounting 15 procedures prescribed by the Federal Communications Commission. 16

17 In any case where the apportionment of the three factors 18 prescribed in this paragraph division (1), (2), or (3) of this 19 subparagraph attributes to Oklahoma a portion of net income of the 20 enterprise out of all appropriate proportion to the property owned 21 and/or business transacted within this state, because of the fact 22 that one or more of the factors so prescribed are not employed to 23 any appreciable extent in furtherance of the enterprise; or because 24 one or more factors not so prescribed are employed to a considerable

1 extent in furtherance of the enterprise; or because of other 2 reasons, the Tax Commission is empowered to permit, after a showing 3 by taxpayer that an excessive portion of net income has been 4 attributed to Oklahoma, or require, when in its judgment an 5 insufficient portion of net income has been attributed to Oklahoma, 6 the elimination, substitution, or use of additional factors, or 7 reduction or increase in the weight of such prescribed factors. Provided, however, that any such variance from such prescribed 8 9 factors which has the effect of increasing the portion of net income 10 attributable to Oklahoma must not be inherently arbitrary, and 11 application of the recomputed final apportionment to the net income 12 of the enterprise must attribute to Oklahoma only a reasonable 13 portion thereof.

14 6. For calendar years 1997 and 1998, the owner of a new or 15 expanded agricultural commodity processing facility in this state 16 may exclude from Oklahoma taxable income, or in the case of an 17 individual, the Oklahoma adjusted gross income, fifteen percent 18 (15%) of the investment by the owner in the new or expanded 19 agricultural commodity processing facility. For calendar year 1999, 20 and all subsequent years, the percentage, not to exceed fifteen 21 percent (15%), available to the owner of a new or expanded 22 agricultural commodity processing facility in this state claiming 23 the exemption shall be adjusted annually so that the total estimated 24 reduction in tax liability does not exceed One Million Dollars

1 (\$1,000,000.00) annually. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules 2 for determining the percentage of the investment which each eligible taxpayer may exclude. The exclusion provided by this paragraph 3 4 shall be taken in the taxable year when the investment is made. In 5 the event the total reduction in tax liability authorized by this 6 paragraph exceeds One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) in any 7 calendar year, the Tax Commission shall permit any excess over One 8 Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) and shall factor such excess into 9 the percentage for subsequent years. Any amount of the exemption 10 permitted to be excluded pursuant to the provisions of this 11 paragraph but not used in any year may be carried forward as an 12 exemption from income pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph 13 for a period not exceeding six (6) years following the year in which 14 the investment was originally made.

15 For purposes of this paragraph:

16 "Agricultural commodity processing facility" means а. 17 building, structures, fixtures and improvements used 18 or operated primarily for the processing or production 19 of marketable products from agricultural commodities. 20 The term shall also mean a dairy operation that 21 requires a depreciable investment of at least Two 22 Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00) and which 23 produces milk from dairy cows. The term does not 24 include a facility that provides only, and nothing

1	more than, storage, cleaning, drying or transportation
2	of agricultural commodities, and
3	b. "Facility" means each part of the facility which is
4	used in a process primarily for:
5	(1) the processing of agricultural commodities,
6	including receiving or storing agricultural
7	commodities, or the production of milk at a dairy
8	operation,
9	(2) transporting the agricultural commodities or
10	product before, during or after the processing,
11	or
12	(3) packaging or otherwise preparing the product for
13	sale or shipment.
14	7. Despite any provision to the contrary in paragraph 3 of this
15	subsection, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, in
16	the case of a taxpayer which has a farming loss, such farming loss
17	shall be considered a net operating loss carryback in accordance
18	with and to the extent of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.,
19	Section 172(b)(G). However, the amount of the net operating loss
20	carryback shall not exceed the lesser of:
21	a. Sixty Thousand Dollars (\$60,000.00), or
22	b. the loss properly shown on Schedule F of the Internal
23	Revenue Service Form 1040 reduced by one-half $(1/2)$ of
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the income from all other sources other than reflected on Schedule F.

In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995, all 3 8. 4 qualified wages equal to the federal income tax credit set forth in 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, shall be deducted from taxable income. 5 The deduction allowed pursuant to this paragraph shall only be 6 7 permitted for the tax years in which the federal tax credit pursuant to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, is allowed. For purposes of this 8 9 paragraph, "qualified wages" means those wages used to calculate the 10 federal credit pursuant to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A.

9. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, an
employer that is eligible for and utilizes the Safety Pays OSHA
Consultation Service provided by the Oklahoma Department of Labor
shall receive an exemption from taxable income in the amount of One
Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for the tax year that the service is
utilized.

17 10. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, 18 there shall be added to Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to 19 the amount of deferred income not included in such taxable income 20 pursuant to Section 108(i)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 21 as amended by Section 1231 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment 22 Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5). There shall be subtracted from 23 Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to the amount of deferred 24 income included in such taxable income pursuant to Section 108(i)(1)

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of the Internal Revenue Code by Section 1231 of the American
 Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5).

For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019, 3 11. 4 there shall be subtracted from Oklahoma taxable income or adjusted 5 gross income any item of income or gain, and there shall be added to Oklahoma taxable income or adjusted gross income any item of loss or 6 7 deduction that in the absence of an election pursuant to the provisions of the Pass-Through Entity Tax Equity Act of 2019 would 8 9 be allocated to a member or to an indirect member of an electing 10 pass-through entity pursuant to Section 2351 et seq. of this title, 11 if (i) the electing pass-through entity has accounted for such item 12 in computing its Oklahoma net entity income or loss pursuant to the provisions of the Pass-Through Entity Tax Equity Act of 2019, and 13 14 (ii) the total amount of tax attributable to any resulting Oklahoma 15 net entity income has been paid. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall 16 promulgate rules for the reporting of such exclusion to direct and 17 indirect members of the electing pass-through entity. As used in 18 this paragraph, "electing pass-through entity", "indirect member", 19 and "member" shall be defined in the same manner as prescribed by 20 Section 2355.1P-2 of this title. Notwithstanding the application of 21 this paragraph, the adjusted tax basis of any ownership interest in 22 a pass-through entity for purposes of Section 2351 et seq. of this 23 title shall be equal to its adjusted tax basis for federal income 24 tax purposes.

1 B. 1. The taxable income of any corporation shall be further 2 adjusted to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income, except those corporations electing treatment as provided in subchapter S of the 3 4 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 1361 et seq., and Section 5 2365 of this title, deductions pursuant to the provisions of the Accelerated Cost Recovery System as defined and allowed in the 6 7 Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981, Public Law 97-34, 26 U.S.C., Section 168, for depreciation of assets placed into service after 8 9 December 31, 1981, shall not be allowed in calculating Oklahoma 10 taxable income. Such corporations shall be allowed a deduction for 11 depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981, 12 in accordance with provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 13 U.S.C., Section 1 et seq., in effect immediately prior to the 14 enactment of the Accelerated Cost Recovery System. The Oklahoma tax 15 basis for all such assets placed into service after December 31, 16 1981, calculated in this section shall be retained and utilized for 17 all Oklahoma income tax purposes through the final disposition of 18 such assets.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax Act, Section 2351 et seq. of this title, or of the Internal Revenue Code to the contrary, this subsection shall control calculation of depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981, and before January 1, 1983.

1 For assets placed in service and held by a corporation in which 2 accelerated cost recovery system was previously disallowed, an adjustment to taxable income is required in the first taxable year 3 4 beginning after December 31, 1982, to reconcile the basis of such 5 assets to the basis allowed in the Internal Revenue Code. The purpose of this adjustment is to equalize the basis and allowance 6 7 for depreciation accounts between that reported to the Internal Revenue Service and that reported to Oklahoma. 8

9 2. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, and 10 ending on or before December 31, 2009, there shall be added to 11 Oklahoma taxable income any amount in excess of One Hundred Seventy-12 five Thousand Dollars (\$175,000.00) which has been deducted as a 13 small business expense under Internal Revenue Code, Section 179 as 14 provided in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.

15 C. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1987, the 16 taxable income of any corporation shall be further adjusted to 17 arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for transfers of technology to 18 qualified small businesses located in Oklahoma. Such transferor 19 corporation shall be allowed an exemption from taxable income of an 20 amount equal to the amount of royalty payment received as a result 21 of such transfer; provided, however, such amount shall not exceed 22 ten percent (10%) of the amount of gross proceeds received by such 23 transferor corporation as a result of the technology transfer. Such 24 exemption shall be allowed for a period not to exceed ten (10) years

1 from the date of receipt of the first royalty payment accruing from 2 such transfer. No exemption may be claimed for transfers of technology to qualified small businesses made prior to January 1, 3 1988. 4 5 2. For purposes of this subsection: "Qualified small business" means an entity, whether 6 a. 7 organized as a corporation, partnership, or proprietorship, organized for profit with its 8 9 principal place of business located within this state 10 and which meets the following criteria: 11 Capitalization of not more than Two Hundred Fifty (1)12 Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00), 13 (2) Having at least fifty percent (50%) of its 14 employees and assets located in Oklahoma at the 15 time of the transfer, and 16 Not a subsidiary or affiliate of the transferor (3) 17 corporation; 18 b. "Technology" means a proprietary process, formula, 19 pattern, device or compilation of scientific or 20 technical information which is not in the public 21 domain; 22 "Transferor corporation" means a corporation which is с. 23 the exclusive and undisputed owner of the technology 24 at the time the transfer is made; and

d. "Gross proceeds" means the total amount of
 consideration for the transfer of technology, whether
 the consideration is in money or otherwise.

4 For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, the D. 1. 5 taxable income of any corporation, estate or trust, shall be further adjusted for qualifying gains receiving capital treatment. Such 6 7 corporations, estates or trusts shall be allowed a deduction from 8 Oklahoma taxable income for the amount of qualifying gains receiving 9 capital treatment earned by the corporation, estate or trust during 10 the taxable year and included in the federal taxable income of such 11 corporation, estate or trust.

12 2. As used in this subsection:

a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means
the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section
1222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in the
federal income tax return of the corporation, estate
or trust that result from:

18 (1) the sale of real property or tangible personal
19 property located within Oklahoma that has been
20 directly or indirectly owned by the corporation,
21 estate or trust for a holding period of at least
22 five (5) years prior to the date of the
23 transaction from which such net capital gains
24 arise,

(2) 1 the sale of stock or on the sale of an ownership 2 interest in an Oklahoma company, limited 3 liability company, or partnership where such 4 stock or ownership interest has been directly or 5 indirectly owned by the corporation, estate or 6 trust for a holding period of at least three (3) 7 years prior to the date of the transaction from which the net capital gains arise, or 8 9 (3) the sale of real property, tangible personal 10 property or intangible personal property located 11 within Oklahoma as part of the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma 12 13 company, limited liability company, or 14 partnership where such property has been directly 15 or indirectly owned by such entity owned by the 16 owners of such entity, and used in or derived 17 from such entity for a period of at least three 18 (3) years prior to the date of the transaction 19 from which the net capital gains arise, 20 b. "holding period" means an uninterrupted period of 21 time. The holding period shall include any additional 22 period when the property was held by another 23 individual or entity, if such additional period is 24

1 included in the taxpayer's holding period for the 2 asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, "Oklahoma company", "limited liability company", or 3 с. 4 "partnership" means an entity whose primary 5 headquarters have been located in Oklahoma for at least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date 6 7 of the transaction from which the net capital gains arise, 8

- 9 d. "direct" means the taxpayer directly owns the asset, 10 and
- e. "indirect" means the taxpayer owns an interest in a
  pass-through entity (or chain of pass-through
  entities) that sells the asset that gives rise to the
  qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.
- 15 With respect to sales of real property or (1)16 tangible personal property located within 17 Oklahoma, the deduction described in this 18 subsection shall not apply unless the pass-19 through entity that makes the sale has held the 20 property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted 21 years prior to the date of the transaction that 22 created the capital gain, and each pass-through 23 entity included in the chain of ownership has 24 been a member, partner, or shareholder of the

1pass-through entity in the tier immediately below2it for an uninterrupted period of not less than3five (5) years.

4 With respect to sales of stock or ownership (2) 5 interest in or sales of all or substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited 6 7 liability company, or partnership, the deduction described in this subsection shall not apply 8 9 unless the pass-through entity that makes the 10 sale has held the stock or ownership interest or 11 the assets for not less than three (3) 12 uninterrupted years prior to the date of the 13 transaction that created the capital gain, and 14 each pass-through entity included in the chain of 15 ownership has been a member, partner or 16 shareholder of the pass-through entity in the 17 tier immediately below it for an uninterrupted 18 period of not less than three (3) years.

E. The Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual taxpayer shall be further adjusted as follows to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income:

22 1. a. In the case of individuals, there shall be added or
 23 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary
 24 to allow personal exemptions of One Thousand Dollars

(\$1,000.00) in lieu of the personal exemptions allowed by the Internal Revenue Code.

- b. There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One 3 4 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or 5 spouse who is blind at the close of the tax year. For purposes of this subparagraph, an individual is blind 6 7 only if the central visual acuity of the individual does not exceed 20/200 in the better eye with 8 9 correcting lenses, or if the visual acuity of the 10 individual is greater than 20/200, but is accompanied 11 by a limitation in the fields of vision such that the widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle 12 13 no greater than twenty (20) degrees.
- 14 There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One с. 15 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or 16 spouse who is sixty-five (65) years of age or older at 17 the close of the tax year based upon the filing status 18 and federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer. 19 Taxpayers with the following filing status may claim 20 this exemption if the federal adjusted gross income 21 does not exceed:
  - Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) if married and filing jointly,

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1 (2) Twelve Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$12,500.00) 2 if married and filing separately, Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00) if single, 3 (3) 4 and 5 (4) Nineteen Thousand Dollars (\$19,000.00) if a qualifying head of household. 6 7 Provided, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, amounts included in the calculation of 8 9 federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the 10 conversion of a traditional individual retirement 11 account to a Roth individual retirement account shall 12 be excluded from federal adjusted gross income for 13 purposes of the income thresholds provided in this 14 subparagraph. 15 2. For taxable years beginning on or before December 31, a. 16 2005, in the case of individuals who use the standard 17 deduction in determining taxable income, there shall

be added or deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to the larger of fifteen percent (15%) of the Oklahoma adjusted gross income or One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), but not to exceed Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), except that in the case of a married individual filing a separate return such deduction shall be the larger of fifteen percent (15%) of such Oklahoma adjusted gross income or Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00), but not to exceed the maximum amount of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00).

- 7 b. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, and before January 1, 2007, in the case of 8 9 individuals who use the standard deduction in 10 determining taxable income, there shall be added or 11 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary 12 to allow a standard deduction in lieu of the standard 13 deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, in an 14 amount equal to:
  - (1) Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000.00), if the filing status is married filing joint, head of household or qualifying widow, or
    - (2) Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), if the filing status is single or married filing separate.
- c. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2007, and
  ending December 31, 2007, in the case of individuals
  who use the standard deduction in determining taxable
  income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case
  may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard

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1		deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by
2		the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:
3		(1) Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00),
4		if the filing status is married filing joint or
5		qualifying widow, or
6		(2) Four Thousand One Hundred Twenty-five Dollars
7		(\$4,125.00) for a head of household, or
8		(3) Two Thousand Seven Hundred Fifty Dollars
9		(\$2,750.00), if the filing status is single or
10		married filing separate.
11	d.	For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2008, and
12		ending December 31, 2008, in the case of individuals
13		who use the standard deduction in determining taxable
14		income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case
15		may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard
16		deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by
17		the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:
18		(1) Six Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$6,500.00), if
19		the filing status is married filing joint or
20		qualifying widow,
21		(2) Four Thousand Eight Hundred Seventy-five Dollars
22		(\$4,875.00) for a head of household, or
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- (3) Three Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$3,250.00), if the filing status is single or married filing separate.
- 4 For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2009, and e. 5 ending December 31, 2009, in the case of individuals who use the standard deduction in determining taxable 6 7 income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard 8 9 deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by 10 the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to: 11 Eight Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$8,500.00), (1)12 if the filing status is married filing joint or

13 qualifying widow,

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- (2) Six Thousand Three Hundred Seventy-five Dollars(\$6,375.00) for a head of household, or
  - (3) Four Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$4,250.00), if the filing status is single or married filing separate.

Oklahoma adjusted gross income shall be increased by any amounts paid for motor vehicle excise taxes which were deducted as allowed by the Internal Revenue Code. f. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, and ending on December 31, 2016, in the case of individuals who use the standard deduction in determining taxable income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard deduction equal to the standard deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, based upon the amount and filing status prescribed by such Code for purposes of filing federal individual income tax returns.

- g. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
  2017, in the case of individuals who use the standard
  deduction in determining taxable income, there shall
  be added or deducted, as the case may be, the
  difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in
  lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal
  Revenue Code, as follows:
  - (1) Six Thousand Three Hundred Fifty Dollars(\$6,350.00) for single or married filingseparately,
- 18 (2) Twelve Thousand Seven Hundred Dollars
   19 (\$12,700.00) for married filing jointly or
   20 qualifying widower with dependent child, and
- (3) Nine Thousand Three Hundred Fifty Dollars
  (\$9,350.00) for head of household.
- 23 3. a. In the case of resident and part-year resident
   24 individuals having adjusted gross income from sources

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both within and without the state, the itemized or standard deductions and personal exemptions shall be reduced to an amount which is the same portion of the total thereof as Oklahoma adjusted gross income is of adjusted gross income. To the extent itemized deductions include allowable moving expense, proration of moving expense shall not be required or permitted but allowable moving expense shall be fully deductible for those taxpayers moving within or into Oklahoma and no part of moving expense shall be deductible for those taxpayers moving without or out of Oklahoma. All other itemized or standard deductions and personal exemptions shall be subject to proration as provided by law.

15 b. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 16 2018, the net amount of itemized deductions allowable 17 on an Oklahoma income tax return, subject to the 18 provisions of paragraph 24 of this subsection, shall 19 not exceed Seventeen Thousand Dollars (\$17,000.00). 20 For purposes of this subparagraph, charitable 21 contributions and medical expenses deductible for 22 federal income tax purposes shall be excluded from the 23 amount of Seventeen Thousand Dollars (\$17,000.00) as 24 specified by this subparagraph.

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1 4. A resident individual with a physical disability 2 constituting a substantial handicap to employment may deduct from Oklahoma adjusted gross income such expenditures to modify a motor 3 4 vehicle, home or workplace as are necessary to compensate for his or 5 her handicap. A veteran certified by the Department of Veterans 6 Affairs of the federal government as having a service-connected 7 disability shall be conclusively presumed to be an individual with a 8 physical disability constituting a substantial handicap to 9 employment. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules containing a 10 list of combinations of common disabilities and modifications which 11 may be presumed to qualify for this deduction. The Tax Commission 12 shall prescribe necessary requirements for verification.

13 5. a. Before July 1, 2010, the first One Thousand Five 14 Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00) received by any person 15 from the United States as salary or compensation in 16 any form, other than retirement benefits, as a member 17 of any component of the Armed Forces of the United 18 States shall be deducted from taxable income. 19 On or after July 1, 2010, one hundred percent (100%) b. 20 of the income received by any person from the United 21 States as salary or compensation in any form, other 22 than retirement benefits, as a member of any component 23 of the Armed Forces of the United States shall be 24 deducted from taxable income.

- 1 c. Whenever the filing of a timely income tax return by a 2 member of the Armed Forces of the United States is 3 made impracticable or impossible of accomplishment by 4 reason of:
  - absence from the United States, which term includes only the states and the District of Columbia,
    - (2) absence from the State of Oklahoma while on active duty, or
  - (3) confinement in a hospital within the United States for treatment of wounds, injuries or disease,

the time for filing a return and paying an income tax shall be and is hereby extended without incurring liability for interest or penalties, to the fifteenth day of the third month following the month in which:

- 17(a) Such individual shall return to the United18States if the extension is granted pursuant19to subparagraph a of this paragraph, return20to the State of Oklahoma if the extension is21granted pursuant to subparagraph b of this22paragraph or be discharged from such23hospital if the extension is granted
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- pursuant to subparagraph c of this paragraph, or
  - (b) An executor, administrator, or conservator of the estate of the taxpayer is appointed, whichever event occurs the earliest.

6 Provided, that the Tax Commission may, in its discretion, grant 7 any member of the Armed Forces of the United States an extension of time for filing of income tax returns and payment of income tax 8 9 without incurring liabilities for interest or penalties. Such 10 extension may be granted only when in the judgment of the Tax 11 Commission a good cause exists therefor and may be for a period in excess of six (6) months. A record of every such extension granted, 12 13 and the reason therefor, shall be kept.

14 Before July 1, 2010, the salary or any other form of 6. 15 compensation, received from the United States by a member of any 16 component of the Armed Forces of the United States, shall be 17 deducted from taxable income during the time in which the person is 18 detained by the enemy in a conflict, is a prisoner of war or is 19 missing in action and not deceased; provided, after July 1, 2010, 20 all such salary or compensation shall be subject to the deduction as 21 provided pursuant to paragraph 5 of this subsection.

22 7. a. An individual taxpayer, whether resident or
 23 nonresident, may deduct an amount equal to the federal

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income taxes paid by the taxpayer during the taxable year.

- Federal taxes as described in subparagraph a of this 3 b. 4 paragraph shall be deductible by any individual 5 taxpayer, whether resident or nonresident, only to the extent they relate to income subject to taxation 6 7 pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax The maximum amount allowable in the preceding 8 Act. 9 paragraph shall be prorated on the ratio of the 10 Oklahoma adjusted gross income to federal adjusted 11 gross income.
- 12 с. For the purpose of this paragraph, "federal income 13 taxes paid" shall mean federal income taxes, surtaxes 14 imposed on incomes or excess profits taxes, as though 15 the taxpayer was on the accrual basis. In determining the amount of deduction for federal income taxes for 16 17 tax year 2001, the amount of the deduction shall not 18 be adjusted by the amount of any accelerated ten 19 percent (10%) tax rate bracket credit or advanced 20 refund of the credit received during the tax year 21 provided pursuant to the federal Economic Growth and 22 Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001, P.L. No. 107-23 16, and the advanced refund of such credit shall not 24 be subject to taxation.

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d. The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to all taxable years ending after December 31, 1978, and beginning before January 1, 2006.

Retirement benefits not to exceed Five Thousand Five Hundred 4 8. 5 Dollars (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and Ten Thousand 6 7 Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax year and all subsequent tax years, which are received by an individual from the civil service of 8 9 the United States, the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System, 10 the Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma, the Oklahoma Law 11 Enforcement Retirement System, the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and 12 Retirement System, the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement 13 System, the employee retirement systems created by counties pursuant 14 to Section 951 et seq. of Title 19 of the Oklahoma Statutes, the 15 Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges, the Oklahoma 16 Wildlife Conservation Department Retirement Fund, the Oklahoma 17 Employment Security Commission Retirement Plan, or the employee 18 retirement systems created by municipalities pursuant to Section 48-19 101 et seq. of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt 20 from taxable income.

9. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1984, Social
Security benefits received by an individual shall be exempt from
taxable income, to the extent such benefits are included in the

federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the provisions of Section
 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86.

10. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1994, lump-3 4 sum distributions from employer plans of deferred compensation, 5 which are not qualified plans within the meaning of Section 401(a) 6 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401(a), and which 7 are deposited in and accounted for within a separate bank account or brokerage account in a financial institution within this state, 8 9 shall be excluded from taxable income in the same manner as a 10 qualifying rollover contribution to an individual retirement account 11 within the meaning of Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 12 U.S.C., Section 408. Amounts withdrawn from such bank or brokerage 13 account, including any earnings thereon, shall be included in 14 taxable income when withdrawn in the same manner as withdrawals from 15 individual retirement accounts within the meaning of Section 408 of 16 the Internal Revenue Code.

17 11. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995,
18 contributions made to and interest received from a medical savings
19 account established pursuant to Sections 2621 through 2623 of Title
20 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

21 12. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1996, the 22 Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual taxpayer who is a 23 swine or poultry producer may be further adjusted for the deduction 24 for depreciation allowed for new construction or expansion costs 1 which may be computed using the same depreciation method elected for 2 federal income tax purposes except that the useful life shall be seven (7) years for purposes of this paragraph. If depreciation is 3 4 allowed as a deduction in determining the adjusted gross income of 5 an individual, any depreciation calculated and claimed pursuant to 6 this section shall in no event be a duplication of any depreciation 7 allowed or permitted on the federal income tax return of the 8 individual.

9 13. a. In taxable years beginning before January 1, 2005, 10 retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts 11 specified in this paragraph, which are received by an 12 individual sixty-five (65) years of age or older and 13 whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is Twenty-five 14 Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) or less if the filing 15 status is single, head of household, or married filing 16 separate, or Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) or 17 less if the filing status is married filing joint or 18 qualifying widow, shall be exempt from taxable income. 19 In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, 20 retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts 21 specified in this paragraph, which are received by an 22 individual whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is 23 less than the qualifying amount specified in this 24 paragraph, shall be exempt from taxable income.

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- b. For purposes of this paragraph, the qualifying amount shall be as follows:
- 3 in taxable years beginning after December 31, (1)4 2004, and prior to January 1, 2007, the 5 qualifying amount shall be Thirty-seven Thousand 6 Five Hundred Dollars (\$37,500.00) or less if the 7 filing status is single, head of household, or 8 married filing separate, or Seventy-five Thousand 9 Dollars (\$75,000.00) or less if the filing status 10 is married filing jointly or qualifying widow, (2) 11 in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007, 12 the qualifying amount shall be Fifty Thousand 13 Dollars (\$50,000.00) or less if the filing status 14 is single, head of household, or married filing 15 separate, or One Hundred Thousand Dollars 16 (\$100,000.00) or less if the filing status is 17 married filing jointly or qualifying widow, 18 in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008, (3) 19 the qualifying amount shall be Sixty-two Thousand 20 Five Hundred Dollars (\$62,500.00) or less if the 21 filing status is single, head of household, or 22 married filing separate, or One Hundred Twenty-23 five Thousand Dollars (\$125,000.00) or less if
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the filing status is married filing jointly or qualifying widow,

- (4) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009, the qualifying amount shall be One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) or less if the filing status is single, head of household, or married filing separate, or Two Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$200,000.00) or less if the filing status is married filing jointly or qualifying widow, and
  - (5) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010, and subsequent taxable years, there shall be no limitation upon the qualifying amount.
- 14 c. For purposes of this paragraph, "retirement benefits"
   15 means the total distributions or withdrawals from the
   16 following:
- 17 (1) an employee pension benefit plan which satisfies
  18 the requirements of Section 401 of the Internal
  19 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401,
- 20 (2) an eligible deferred compensation plan that
  21 satisfies the requirements of Section 457 of the
  22 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 457,
  23 (3) an individual retirement account, annuity or
  24 trust or simplified employee pension that

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1 satisfies the requirements of Section 408 of the 2 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 408, an employee annuity subject to the provisions of 3 (4) Section 403(a) or (b) of the Internal Revenue 4 5 Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 403(a) or (b), 6 United States Retirement Bonds which satisfy the (5) 7 requirements of Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86, or 8 9 (6) lump-sum distributions from a retirement plan 10 which satisfies the requirements of Section 11 402(e) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., 12 Section 402(e). 13 d. The amount of the exemption provided by this paragraph 14 shall be limited to Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars 15 (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five 16 Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and 17 Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the tax year 18 2006 and for all subsequent tax years. Any individual 19 who claims the exemption provided for in paragraph 8 20 of this subsection shall not be permitted to claim a 21 combined total exemption pursuant to this paragraph 22 and paragraph 8 of this subsection in an amount 23 exceeding Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars 24 (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five

Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax year and all subsequent tax years.

4 14. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, for an 5 individual engaged in production agriculture who has filed a 6 Schedule F form with the taxpayer's federal income tax return for 7 such taxable year, there shall be excluded from taxable income any 8 amount which was included as federal taxable income or federal 9 adjusted gross income and which consists of the discharge of an 10 obligation by a creditor of the taxpayer incurred to finance the 11 production of agricultural products.

12 15. In taxable years beginning December 31, 2000, an amount 13 equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the amount of any scholarship 14 or stipend received from participation in the Oklahoma Police Corps 15 Program, as established in Section 2-140.3 of Title 47 of the 16 Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

17 16. a. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2001, 18 and before January 1, 2005, there shall be allowed a 19 deduction in the amount of contributions to accounts 20 established pursuant to the Oklahoma College Savings 21 Plan Act. The deduction shall equal the amount of 22 contributions to accounts, but in no event shall the 23 deduction for each contributor exceed Two Thousand

Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00) each taxable year for each account.

- In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, 3 b. each taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for 4 5 contributions to accounts established pursuant to the Oklahoma College Savings Plan Act. The maximum annual 6 7 deduction shall equal the amount of contributions to all such accounts plus any contributions to such 8 9 accounts by the taxpayer for prior taxable years after 10 December 31, 2004, which were not deducted, but in no 11 event shall the deduction for each tax year exceed Ten 12 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for each individual 13 taxpayer or Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) for 14 taxpayers filing a joint return. Any amount of a 15 contribution that is not deducted by the taxpayer in 16 the year for which the contribution is made may be 17 carried forward as a deduction from income for the 18 succeeding five (5) years. For taxable years 19 beginning after December 31, 2005, deductions may be 20 taken for contributions and rollovers made during a 21 taxable year and up to April 15 of the succeeding 22 year, or the due date of a taxpayer's state income tax 23 return, excluding extensions, whichever is later.
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Provided, a deduction for the same contribution may not be taken for two (2) different taxable years. c. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006, deductions for contributions made pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be limited as follows:

- (1) for a taxpayer who qualified for the five-year carryforward election and who takes a rollover or nonqualified withdrawal during that period, the tax deduction otherwise available pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be reduced by the amount which is equal to the rollover or nonqualified withdrawal, and
- 14 for a taxpayer who elects to take a rollover or (2) 15 nongualified withdrawal within the same tax year 16 in which a contribution was made to the 17 taxpayer's account, the tax deduction otherwise 18 available pursuant to subparagraph b of this 19 paragraph shall be reduced by the amount of the 20 contribution which is equal to the rollover or 21 nonqualified withdrawal.
  - d. If a taxpayer elects to take a rollover on a contribution for which a deduction has been taken pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph within

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1		one (1) year of the date of contribution, the amount
2		of such rollover shall be included in the adjusted
3		gross income of the taxpayer in the taxable year of
4		the rollover.
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- e. If a taxpayer makes a nonqualified withdrawal of
  contributions for which a deduction was taken pursuant
  to subparagraph b of this paragraph, such nonqualified
  withdrawal and any earnings thereon shall be included
  in the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer in the
  taxable year of the nonqualified withdrawal.
- 11 f. As used in this paragraph:

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(1) "non-qualified withdrawal" means a withdrawal from an Oklahoma College Savings Plan account other than one of the following:

(a) a qualified withdrawal,

- 16 (b) a withdrawal made as a result of the death 17 or disability of the designated beneficiary 18 of an account,
- 19(c) a withdrawal that is made on the account of20a scholarship or the allowance or payment21described in Section 135(d)(1)(B) or (C) or22by the Internal Revenue Code, received by23the designated beneficiary to the extent the24amount of the refund does not exceed the

amount of the scholarship, allowance, or 1 2 payment, or a rollover or change of designated 3 (d) 4 beneficiary as permitted by subsection F of Section 3970.7 of Title 70 of Oklahoma 5 6 Statutes, and 7 (2)"rollover" means the transfer of funds from the Oklahoma College Savings Plan to any other plan 8 9 under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code. 10 17. For tax years 2006 through 2021, retirement benefits 11 received by an individual from any component of the Armed Forces of 12 the United States in an amount not to exceed the greater of seventy-13 five percent (75%) of such benefits or Ten Thousand Dollars 14 (\$10,000.00) shall be exempt from taxable income but in no case less 15 than the amount of the exemption provided by paragraph 13 of this 16 subsection. For tax year 2022 and subsequent tax years, retirement 17 benefits received by an individual from any component of the Armed 18 Forces of the United States shall be exempt from taxable income. 19 18. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006, 20 retirement benefits received by federal civil service retirees, 21 including survivor annuities, paid in lieu of Social Security 22 benefits shall be exempt from taxable income to the extent such 23 benefits are included in the federal adjusted gross income pursuant

1 to the provisions of Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 2 U.S.C., Section 86, according to the following schedule: in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007, twenty 3 a. 4 percent (20%) of such benefits shall be exempt, 5 b. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008, forty percent (40%) of such benefits shall be exempt, 6 7 in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009, sixty с. percent (60%) of such benefits shall be exempt, 8 9 d. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010, eighty percent (80%) of such benefits shall be exempt, and 10 11 in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2011, and e. 12 subsequent taxable years, one hundred percent (100%) 13 of such benefits shall be exempt. 14 19. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007, a a. 15 resident individual may deduct up to Ten Thousand 16 Dollars (\$10,000.00) from Oklahoma adjusted gross 17 income if the individual, or the dependent of the 18 individual, while living, donates one or more human 19 organs of the individual to another human being for 20 human organ transplantation. As used in this 21 paragraph, "human organ" means all or part of a liver, 22 pancreas, kidney, intestine, lung, or bone marrow. A 23 deduction that is claimed under this paragraph may be

claimed in the taxable year in which the human organ transplantation occurs.

- b. An individual may claim this deduction only once, and
  the deduction may be claimed only for unreimbursed
  expenses that are incurred by the individual and
  related to the organ donation of the individual.
- c. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to
  implement the provisions of this paragraph which shall
  contain a specific list of expenses which may be
  presumed to qualify for the deduction. The Tax
  Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for
  verification.

13 20. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2009, there 14 shall be exempt from taxable income any amount received by the 15 beneficiary of the death benefit for an emergency medical technician 16 or a registered emergency medical responder provided by Section 1-17 2505.1 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

18 21. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008,
19 taxable income shall be increased by any unemployment compensation
20 exempted under Section 85(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
21 U.S.C., Section 85(c) (2009).

22 22. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008, there 23 shall be exempt from taxable income any payment in an amount less 24 than Six Hundred Dollars (\$600.00) received by a person as an award

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for participation in a competitive livestock show event. For purposes of this paragraph, the payment shall be treated as a scholarship amount paid by the entity sponsoring the event and the sponsoring entity shall cause the payment to be categorized as a scholarship in its books and records.

6 23. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2016, 7 taxable income shall be increased by any amount of state and local 8 sales or income taxes deducted under 26 U.S.C., Section 164 of the 9 Internal Revenue Code. If the amount of state and local taxes 10 deducted on the federal return is limited, taxable income on the 11 state return shall be increased only by the amount actually deducted 12 after any such limitations are applied.

13 24. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020, each 14 taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for contributions to accounts 15 established pursuant to the Achieving a Better Life Experience 16 (ABLE) Program as established in Section 4001.1 et seq. of Title 56 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes. For any tax year, the deduction provided 18 for in this paragraph shall not exceed Ten Thousand Dollars 19 (\$10,000.00) for an individual taxpayer or Twenty Thousand Dollars 20 (\$20,000.00) for taxpayers filing a joint return. Any amount of 21 contribution not deducted by the taxpayer in the tax year for which 22 the contribution is made may be carried forward as a deduction from 23 income for up to five (5) tax years. Deductions may be taken for 24 contributions made during the tax year and through April 15 of the

succeeding tax year, or through the due date of a taxpayer's state
 income tax return excluding extensions, whichever is later.
 Provided, a deduction for the same contribution may not be taken in
 more than one (1) tax year.

5 F. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, a 6 deduction from the Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual 7 taxpayer shall be allowed for qualifying gains receiving capital 8 treatment that are included in the federal adjusted gross income of 9 such individual taxpayer during the taxable year.

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2. As used in this subsection:

11a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means12the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section131222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in an14individual taxpayer's federal income tax return that15result from:

16 the sale of real property or tangible personal (1)17 property located within Oklahoma that has been 18 directly or indirectly owned by the individual 19 taxpayer for a holding period of at least five 20 (5) years prior to the date of the transaction 21 from which such net capital gains arise, 22 the sale of stock or the sale of a direct or (2) 23 indirect ownership interest in an Oklahoma 24 company, limited liability company, or

partnership where such stock or ownership interest has been directly or indirectly owned by the individual taxpayer for a holding period of at least two (2) years prior to the date of the transaction from which the net capital gains arise, or

7 the sale of real property, tangible personal (3) property or intangible personal property located 8 9 within Oklahoma as part of the sale of all or 10 substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma 11 company, limited liability company, or 12 partnership or an Oklahoma proprietorship 13 business enterprise where such property has been 14 directly or indirectly owned by such entity or 15 business enterprise or owned by the owners of 16 such entity or business enterprise for a period 17 of at least two (2) years prior to the date of 18 the transaction from which the net capital gains 19 arise,

b. "holding period" means an uninterrupted period of time. The holding period shall include any additional period when the property was held by another individual or entity, if such additional period is

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1 included in the taxpayer's holding period for the 2 asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, "Oklahoma company," "limited liability company," or 3 с. 4 "partnership" means an entity whose primary 5 headquarters have been located in Oklahoma for at least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date 6 7 of the transaction from which the net capital gains 8 arise,

- 9 d. "direct" means the individual taxpayer directly owns 10 the asset,
- e. "indirect" means the individual taxpayer owns an
  interest in a pass-through entity (or chain of passthrough entities) that sells the asset that gives rise
  to the qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.
- 15 With respect to sales of real property or (1)16 tangible personal property located within 17 Oklahoma, the deduction described in this 18 subsection shall not apply unless the pass-19 through entity that makes the sale has held the 20 property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted 21 years prior to the date of the transaction that 22 created the capital gain, and each pass-through 23 entity included in the chain of ownership has 24 been a member, partner, or shareholder of the

1pass-through entity in the tier immediately below2it for an uninterrupted period of not less than3five (5) years.

- 4 With respect to sales of stock or ownership (2) 5 interest in or sales of all or substantially all 6 of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited 7 liability company, partnership or Oklahoma proprietorship business enterprise, the deduction 8 9 described in this subsection shall not apply 10 unless the pass-through entity that makes the 11 sale has held the stock or ownership interest for 12 not less than two (2) uninterrupted years prior 13 to the date of the transaction that created the 14 capital gain, and each pass-through entity 15 included in the chain of ownership has been a 16 member, partner or shareholder of the pass-17 through entity in the tier immediately below it 18 for an uninterrupted period of not less than two 19 (2) years. For purposes of this division, 20 uninterrupted ownership prior to July 1, 2007, 21 shall be included in the determination of the 22 required holding period prescribed by this 23 division, and
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1 f. "Oklahoma proprietorship business enterprise" means a 2 business enterprise whose income and expenses have been reported on Schedule C or F of an individual 3 4 taxpayer's federal income tax return, or any similar 5 successor schedule published by the Internal Revenue Service and whose primary headquarters have been 6 7 located in Oklahoma for at least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date of the 8 9 transaction from which the net capital gains arise. 10 G. 1. For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income

11 under this section, the dividends-paid deduction otherwise allowed 12 by federal law in computing net income of a real estate investment 13 trust that is subject to federal income tax shall be added back in 14 computing the tax imposed by this state under this title if the real 15 estate investment trust is a captive real estate investment trust.

16 2. For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income under 17 this section, a taxpayer shall add back otherwise deductible rents 18 and interest expenses paid to a captive real estate investment trust 19 that is not subject to the provisions of paragraph 1 of this 20 subsection. As used in this subsection:

a. the term "real estate investment trust" or "REIT"
means the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 856
of the Internal Revenue Code,

1 b. the term "captive real estate investment trust" means 2 a real estate investment trust, the shares or beneficial interests of which are not regularly traded 3 on an established securities market and more than 4 fifty percent (50%) of the voting power or value of 5 the beneficial interests or shares of which are owned 6 7 or controlled, directly or indirectly, or constructively, by a single entity that is: 8 9 (1)treated as an association taxable as a 10 corporation under the Internal Revenue Code, and 11 not exempt from federal income tax pursuant to (2) 12 the provisions of Section 501(a) of the Internal 13 Revenue Code. 14 The term shall not include a real estate investment 15 trust that is intended to be regularly traded on an 16 established securities market, and that satisfies the 17 requirements of Section 856(a)(5) and (6) of the U.S. 18 Internal Revenue Code by reason of Section 856(h)(2) 19 of the Internal Revenue Code, 20 the term "association taxable as a corporation" shall с. 21 not include the following entities: 22 any real estate investment trust as defined in (1)23 paragraph a of this subsection other than a 24 "captive real estate investment trust",

- 1 (2) any qualified real estate investment trust 2 subsidiary under Section 856(i) of the Internal 3 Revenue Code, other than a qualified REIT 4 subsidiary of a "captive real estate investment 5 trust", 6 any Listed Australian Property Trust (meaning an (3) 7 Australian unit trust registered as a "Managed
- 8 Investment Scheme" under the Australian 9 Corporations Act in which the principal class of 10 units is listed on a recognized stock exchange in 11 Australia and is regularly traded on an 12 established securities market), or an entity 13 organized as a trust, provided that a Listed 14 Australian Property Trust owns or controls, 15 directly or indirectly, seventy-five percent 16 (75%) or more of the voting power or value of the 17 beneficial interests or shares of such trust, or 18 (4) any Qualified Foreign Entity, meaning a 19 corporation, trust, association or partnership 20 organized outside the laws of the United States 21 and which satisfies the following criteria: 22
  - (a) at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the entity's total asset value at the close of its taxable year is represented by real

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1		estate assets, as defined in Section
2		856(c)(5)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code,
3		thereby including shares or certificates of
4		beneficial interest in any real estate
5		investment trust, cash and cash equivalents,
6		and U.S. Government securities,
7	(b)	the entity receives a dividend-paid
8		deduction comparable to Section 561 of the
9		Internal Revenue Code, or is exempt from
10		entity level tax,
11	(c)	the entity is required to distribute at
12		least eighty-five percent (85%) of its
13		taxable income, as computed in the
14		jurisdiction in which it is organized, to
15		the holders of its shares or certificates of
16		beneficial interest on an annual basis,
17	(d)	not more than ten percent (10%) of the
18		voting power or value in such entity is held
19		directly or indirectly or constructively by
20		a single entity or individual, or the shares
21		or beneficial interests of such entity are
22		regularly traded on an established
23		securities market, and
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(e) the entity is organized in a country which has a tax treaty with the United States.

3. For purposes of this subsection, the constructive ownership
4 rules of Section 318(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, as modified by
5 Section 856(d)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code, shall apply in
6 determining the ownership of stock, assets, or net profits of any
7 person.

8 4. A real estate investment trust that does not become 9 regularly traded on an established securities market within one (1) 10 year of the date on which it first becomes a real estate investment 11 trust shall be deemed not to have been regularly traded on an 12 established securities market, retroactive to the date it first 13 became a real estate investment trust, and shall file an amended 14 return reflecting such retroactive designation for any tax year or 15 part year occurring during its initial year of status as a real 16 estate investment trust. For purposes of this subsection, a real 17 estate investment trust becomes a real estate investment trust on 18 the first day it has both met the requirements of Section 856 of the 19 Internal Revenue Code and has elected to be treated as a real estate 20 investment trust pursuant to Section 856(c)(1) of the Internal 21 Revenue Code.

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1	SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2025.
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3	COMMITTEE REPORT BY: COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS AND BUDGET, dated 02/27/2025 - DO PASS, As Amended and Coauthored.
4	02/2//2023 - DO FASS, AS Amended and Coauthored.
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